

THE WEEK IN WASHINGTON.

BUNDAY, MARCH 26 .- A serious rensway accident occurred on the Anacostia bridge this morning. A horse attached to a light wagon and driven by a woman, took fright and dashed into the iron work of the bridge, throwing the woman with considerable force against one of the iron pillars and seriously injuring her. The horse, with the shafts of the wagon banging to him, ran several miles into the country before he was caught .-der of the tailor, Kraemer, ended Saturday by the jury finding him guilty of manslaughter, spent Sunday quietly in the District jail. He had expected an acquittal, but he received the verdiet calmly. He will be sentenced in a few days.

MONDAY, MARCH 27 .- A World's Fair exhibit left the Register's Office of the Treasury Department to-day, which consists of samples of every piece of paper money ever issued by the United States Government. There were 640 pieces in the exhibit, and also rare samples of Colonial and Continental money of the date of 1735, and up to the formation of the Government. The exhibit also contained samples of the wildcat money, broken money and bonds .- Two Regular Army soldiers, Wm. Brown and Wm. Carroll, who are accused of trying to augment their regular pay accounts by highway robbery during the Inauguration of President Cleveland, were on trial in the Police Court to-day, and althought they plead not guilty, were held in \$1,000 bonds each for the grand jury. TUESDAY, MARCH 28,-The ups and downs of

justice in the District of Columbia were illustrated by two cases before the courts today. A young white man employed by a firm of bakers was charged with stealing \$20 from his employers. He pleaded first offense, after acknowledging his crime and promising for robbing a pensioner of \$8. He plend guilty and threw bimeelf upon the mercy of the court, denying that he stole the money, but stating that he knew the evidence was against him. He was sentenced to three years in the Albany Penitestiary at hard labor. The Legion of Loyal Women have established headquarters on Thirteenth street northwest, and in the evening they hold a sewing-guild at these beadquarters. The increasing membership and attendance will soon require more room.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 29 .- The officers of the raiding an alleged policy shep kept by a dusky damsel on Twenty-fourth street. The raid was accompanied by the usual scramble of dark-hued camblers for the doors and windows, while the Queen of the dive thrust a bundle of supposed policy slips into the stove. An officer attempted to rescue the only clew against the place in the burning slips, but the Queen dextrously turned a kettle of boiling water upon his hands. The woman was taken in upon a charge of assault, and as there was no evidence besides the burnt slips, she was simply fined .- Sedgwick Command, Union Veterans' Union, installed their officers to-night at Hamline Methodist Church, Past National Commander Alden

installed the new officers. aged about 60 years, was burned to death in her room in the second story of No. 30 B street northeast, about 2 o'clock p. m. to-day. Just how the accident happened could not be ascertained. The woman from whom the unfortunate Mrs. Downs rented saw smoke issuing from the upper floors, and she went up stairs to investigate. Upon opening the door of Mrs. Downe's room a volume of smoke and flame poured into the hallway. An alarm was turned in, but by the time the firemen gained sufficient control of the fiames to enter the room, they found the woman on an old cot covered with a feather bed, burned to a crisp. The body was at once removed to the morgue, and the coroner notified. The room occupied by the unfortunate wo-

man told a story of abject poverty. FRIDAY, MARCH 31 .- A handsome exhibit of the work of the pupils of St. Cecelia's Academy was shipped to-day to the Mother House Catholic exhibit at the World's Fair at Chicago. The collections comprises specimens of almost every conceivable variety of school work in the regular branches, with specimens of painting, type-writing, stenography, sewing, drawing, mapmaking, and some specimens of miseral collecting. All the work was handsomely mounted by the pupils themselves, and will form a very attractive feature of the exhibit .- The Knight Templars Assembly No. 3 observed Good Friday at the church corner of Third and D streets northan address on the relation of Masonic traditions to the Christian Church.

SATURDAY, APRIL 1.-The office seekers fairly besieged the White House to-day, there since the 4th of March. This was accounted for by the nevers that yesterday having been Cabinet day, and the President having issued orders that visitors will not be received attempt to call yesterday, and came this morning in great droves, generally accompanied by a Senstor or member of Congress.—The day was warm and sultry, the first real Spring been unusually cold and blustery.

CHAT OF THE CORRIDORS.

accepted invitations to be present at the Union Veterans' Bauquet, which will be held in Baltimore, Md., on the 10th of April next. Senator Allen was a private in the 135th Ind., and Gen. Manderson was the Colonel of the 19th Ohio. and was brevetted Brigadier-General for gal-

Among the historic trinkets to be melted down for the Columbian Liberty Bell is a link from the gold chain worn by Lincoln at the time of his assassination. This interesting contribution to the melting-pot was furnished by Minister Robert T. Lincoln. It is a pity that so many prticles of romantic interest should be excrificed to form so unromantic an object as this bell will be. Sentiment cannot be made to order, even by a World's Fair Directory.

. . The Government of Spain, through the State Department, has officially tendered to the United States, as a gift, the reproduced flagthip of Columbus, the Santa Maria, now somewhere in the Gulf of Mexico, en route to this country to participate in the naval review and R. D. Mussey, Colonel of the 100th U. S. C. T., form a part of the Spanish exhibit at Chicago. The ceremonies of presentation will take place one of the best-known ladies in the National on some date, to be hereafter named, near the close of the Exposition, and it is the intention to bring the Santa Maria to Washington for versed in the intricacies of litigation. There permanent exhibition.

ts, and incidentally to file an application, in General Term. has now met with a much more serious lose, because one day last week Mr. Cleveland ap- A great army of would-be office-holders are pointed another man to the District Attorney- still in Washington, and are besieging the careful canvass.

ship in Georgia which Mr. Rucker wanted very badly, and which he felt sure about the time of the hat opisode he would get. He not only lost his headgear, but got bedly left.

Mrs. Cleveland has been driving about town for the past few days in the most stylish turnout which ever belonged to the White House of handsome, clean-limbed, dock-tailed, bay Theodore G. Arnold, whose trial for the mur- horses, drawing a low phaeton or victoria, with very black tiger in very white livery. Mrs. Cieveland sits on a driver's cushion, and when she has a gentleman with her, which is generally the case, he is compelled to look up to the handsome woman by his side, who holds the whip and reins like a true jockey.

It was current rumer in Washington last week that a strong pressure has been brought to bear upon President Cleveland to have him select a Commissioner of Pensions from a State east of the Alleghanies. Those who are exerting State banks, Confederate money and bonds, besides an unbroken line of United States has had this position too many times, and that it is now the East's turn. At last accounts, Mr. Cleveland had given no sign as to his selection. if he has made any, but he has intimated that the new Commissioner would be a young man of known ability, not too closely allied to practical politics.

Ex-Congressman Herman D. Stump, of the Second District of Maryland, who filled very acceptably the position of Chairman of the House Committee on Immigration during the 52d Congress, has been appointed by the Presito make restitution, and a fine of \$30 with an | dent Superintendent of Immigration, to sucalternative of 60 days in jail was imposed. | coed ex-Congressman W. D. Owen, of Indiana. regulating immigration, and has been intimately acquainted with questions concerning immigration for many years past. He will bring to the office a thorough knowledge of all questions pertaining to immigration.

One of the strangest things to the eye of the old soldier who fought for the preservation of the Union will be the number of successful applicants for office thus far appointed by this Third Precinct had a lively time to-day Administration, and which seems to have been one of the good reasons for honoring the man by giving him a lucrative and honorable position under the Government of the United States, is the fact that "be was a distinguished and gallant soldier in the rebel army." Nine out of 10 men who have been appointed thus | Since his wife died Mr. Whitney has been cruisfar from the South have this recommendation | ing in the vicinity of the Windward Islands, attached to their papers asking for office.

ton are very much disappointed by the con- fact that Mr. Whitney recently asserted in the firmation of the rumor that the State Depart- most positive terms that while he had been ment has at last decided not to allow the offered a place of trust by the President in a original Declaration of Independence and the letter, which he said he would "always prize THURSDAY, MARCH 30 .- Mrs. S. D. Downs, Constitution of the United States to be taken | more highly than any office," he would not to Chicago for exhibition as part of the Depart- enter official life. Mr. Whitney is fond of ad-Exposition. An order permitting the removal toward as well as aptness for diplomacy. Since of these documents had previously been made, the death of Mrs. Whitney he has been at at and its revocation has occasioned much un- ease, distrait, and dissatisfied. He has defifavorable comment, particularly among the nitely announced his withdrawal from the Western Senators and members of Congress at | gigantic business concerns which, since his represent in Washington.

eral offices in their respective States. Quite a declined to accept a portfolie or to go abroad number of State delegations have united in in- because of business affairs; he has determined the offices according to mutual agreement. ling to go abroad. The Congressman who is authority for the of the Holy Cross to form a part of the statement that these slates would not stand asked the President, on Thursday, March 30, what he proposed to do with these prepared slates. "I will smash them," is said to have been Mr. Cleveland's reply. This information is said to have spread dismay among the members of those State delegations who have united in apportioning out the offices in their States.

The appointment of Jim Blackburn, brother of Senator Blackburn, as United States Marwest. The paster of the Church delivered | shal of Kentucky, shows that President Cleveland considers Blackburn's bloody-minded letbeing more this prenoon than at any one time Yankee blood") barred by the statute of limitations. Had this letter been published in the North at the time it was written. it might have possibly prevented the war, as it on Cabinet days, the office seekers did not | would very likely have scared all the Yankees so badly that they would not have culisted to save the country in the face of such threats. weather Washington has seen, as March has simply postponed Jim's "pie" a little-that was all, for he has at last been rewarded.

> during the afternoon the wind shifted and threatened to destroy the homestead and other buildings. Mr. Swain, seeing the danger, began to fight the flames. The violent exercise caused heart failure, and he fell headlong into the burning grass. He was not discovered until suffocated by the smoke and heat. Portions of Mr. Swain's body were burned to a crisp. He had long been a resident of Washington, and was at one time connected with the banking- the Navy Wm. C. Whitney. The two places house of Jay Cooke & Co.

The name of another woman lawyer will doubtless shortly be added to the roll of the District bar, as Mrs. Ellen D. Mussey applied last week for admission to the bar of the District of Columbia. The Court in General Term appointed a committee of three-Judge Davidge, Gen. Henkle and Mr. Job Barnard-to in keeping with the dignity of his high office. examine the candidate and report upon her application. Mrs. Mussey is the widow of Gen. who died in Washington last Summer, and is and entertained in a very modest way. He Capital. For years Mrs. Mussey assisted her husband in his legal work and became well are two women carelled on the list of practitioners before the District Courts, Belva A. Mr. "Teenie" Rucker, of Athens, Ga., who | Lockwood and Marilla M. Ricker. In 1885 a lost his hat at the White House a few days ago | California attorney of the gentle sex, Laura De while he was there making a call upon Presi- | Force Gordon, was admitted to this bar on moden Cleveland for the purpose of paying his | tion to appear in a certain case before the Court | Cabinet, and thus have made way for the elec-

White House, and it is thought their stay at the National Capital will be somewhat protracted, as many of them have brought their knitting and sat themselves down behind the intrenchments, where they will remain as long as their supplies held out. Many of these applicants for the higher positions have not as yet filed their applications and papers. They have been in Washington for the past month, and have taken advantage of the temporary inll which the various rules promulgated by Mr. Cleveland caused. They remark that as the President is very deliberative in his selections, they may as well follow his example and be deliberative too. They seem to have no fear that the offices they seek will be filled within the next month or two, and in case they should be appointed, seem to be perfectly willing that their confirmations should be delayed until the regular session of the Senate next Winter.

Another candidate entered the field last week for appointment as a member of the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia, in the person of Hon. Benton J. Hall, who was the splendid Commissioner of Patents during Mr. Cleveland's former Administration. Congressman Hayes, the only Democrat from Iowa in the 53d Congress, accompanied Mr. Hall to the stables. She bandled the ribbons over a pair White House and urged his appointment to be one of the Judges of this Court, which was created during the second session of the 52d a rumble behind, in which sits, bolt upright, a Congress. Mr. Hall represented the First Iowa District in Congress, and is one of the most prominent Democrats in the Hawkeye State. He came to Washington backed by all the patent attorneys in the Northwest for his old position of Patent Commissioner, but President Cleveland's order or rule against ex-office holders applying for their old positions turned him in this new direction. Mr. Hall is a good lawyer, and would make a good Judge. His father was one of the first Judges in Burlington, Iowa, going to that State when it was a

Maj. O. E. Brummel, a resident of Washington, is the proprietor of that grewsome relic, the scaffold upon which John Brown-'whose soul goes marching on," was hung at Charleston, Va. Recently Maj. Brummel has had the gallows put together for inspection before shipping it to Chicago, where it will be exhibited during the World's Fair. At the inspection all the timbers were found to be in good condition and the trap worked as easily as it did on that fatal day when the great abolitionist dropped through it to eternity. A gallows will be exhibited in a building on Wabash avenue, near Van Buren street, in connection with other relies and paintings of the abolitionist. These paintings, which are the work of a Washington artist, represent the principal incidents in the life of John Brown, from the house in which he was born to the trial and death scenes. All the paintings are not yet completed, but will be forwarded to Chicago in time for the opening of Maj. Brummel's museum about May 1.

It is generally believed here in Washington that ex-Secretary of the Navy Whitney will yet be induced to accept some high position under President Cleveland's Administration, but he reached New York on Thursday morning, March 30. Prominent people here at the The friends of the World's Fair in Washing- National Capital have the idea that, despite the ment of State's exhibit at the Columbian ministrative affairs, and has a distinct leaning tirement from the Cabinet and up to the opening of the last campaign, had engrossed his A member of Congress is responsible for the attention. It is this fact which the prophets statement that the President will not allow pree most strongly in support of their predic-Congressional delegations to apportion the Fed- tion. They argue in this wise: Mr. Whitney dorsing slates prepared by them, distributing to abandon business affairs, therefore he is wil-

Mr. Jefferson T. Short is a prominent citizen of Carrizo, Tex., who has been stopping temporarily in Washington since the 4th of March, hoping that the Presidential lightning would strike somewhere in the vicinity of where he had erected a lightning rod in the shape of indorsements from the prominent men of the Lone Star State. He dived into his pockets the other day and fished out nearly a hundred neatly-engraved visiting cards bearing his name, and said: "What'll I do with these things when I get home? If I offered one to a man he'd shoot me. But I find up here that if I want to see ter (written at the outbreak of the war in the Eighty-Fourth Assistant Secretary to the 1861, in which he said he proposed to "wade in Twenty-Third Assistant Secretary of the Secretary I've got to give one of the pasteboards to a colored gentleman, who wears better clothes than I do, and kick around for an hour in the hall outside before I can get inside. Judging by the time it takes, I will be able to make not more than four calls a week. What'll I do with these? I know the printer won't take Its publication some eight years age, however, them back, because I have been to see him. I can't give them to anybody. I can't throw them away, because they cost too much money. If I put 'em in my trunk my wife will raise Henry C. Swain, Cashier of the Second Na. trouble over my extravagance, and I couldn't Senators Manderson, of Nebraska, and John tional Bank of Washington, met a horrible explain to her in 40 weeks. If this is what you I, on Wednesday, March 29. It seems that a return to Federalism. I used to think that some men were engaged to burn the grass off these fellows in the Departments, being hired the meadows of Mr. Swain's sister's farm, and by the public and getting their wages from the public, could be reached by the public."

THE FIRST AMBASSADOR.

Ex-Secretary of State Bayard Goes to England as Such.

Ex-Secretary of State Bayard's appointment o England, the first of the newly-authorized Ambassadors, is thought to have put an end to the office-holding intentions of ex-Secretary of for which Mr. Whitney has been so persistently named, the English and French missions, having now been filled, the opinion is general in Washington that Mr. Whitney is determined to remain a private citizen.

Mr. Bayard, it is said, was much averse to accepting the Ambassadorship, solely because of the fact that he is a man of very limited means, and will be unable to maintain in London, on his salary of \$17,500, an establishment Mr. Bayard bus a large family and a small income, and during the many years he was a resident of Washington, as Senator and Cabinet officer, be lived in an unpretentious house never felt obliged, however, to open his house to the entire world of Washington, social, official, and political, as Cabinet officers generally do, and confined his hospitality to his friends, and to such infrequent entertainment as his position as Secretary of State made

imperative. A prominent Delaware Democrat said the other day, in speaking of Mr. Bayard's new appointment, that Senator Gray would have gladly resigned his seat to take a place in the tion of Mr. Bayard to the Senate, but for the fact, well known in Delaware, that the present Legislature contains a majority of auti-Eurard men, a fact which was fully ascertained by a GEN. BERDAN'S SUDDEN DEATH.

at His Club. Gen. Hiram Berdan, the Colonel of the 1st U. S. Sharpshooters, better known in the Army of the Potemac as Berdan's Sharpshooters, was March 31, and died in a few moments. The troubled with heart disease, and had been out daughters, and the General has been in the the 8th and Troop K of the 9th U. S. Cav. habit of spending most of his time at his club. On Friday afternoon he arrived at the Metropolitan Clubhouse, at the corner of Seventeenth and H streets northwest, about 5 o'clock, and engaged in conversation with the Secretary of very unwell. A few moments afterward he engaged in a game of chess. His end came so suddenly that Admiral Crosby, who was seated by, could afford no relief before he was dead. Several physicians were immediately summoned, but before they arrived the General

had expired. All of the General's immediate relatives are at present in Europe, his wife being on a visit Rev. Father Thomas J. Kervick, with Rev. to her daughter, at Sorrento, Italy. The General's other daughter, Countess Donan, wife of band at Stockholm. The news of Gen. Berbe delayed until they can be heard from and

their wishes ascertained. Gen. Berdan was born at Plymouth, Mich. nearly 69 years ago, and first came into national prominence at the outbreak of the war of the rebellion. The organization of the 1st U. S. Sharpshooters in 1861 was due to the offorts of Gen. Berdan. The General was him- d'Castro Cerquieira, Special Envoy of the Braself one of the most expert rifle-shots in America. It is related of him that at an ex- Andrada. hibition of marksmanship, witnessed by President Lincoln and Gen. McClelland, Gen. (then Colonel) Berdan said that he would hit the eye of a gaily-painted zonave at 600 yards. He fired and hit the exact spot.

Under such a skillful and enthusiastic leader the Sharpshooters soon became distinguished in the service, and a second regiment was organized. Under command of Gen. Berdan they rendered effective service in the Peninsular campaign, at Chancellorsville, and cape- | tion. cially at Gettysburg. The General always took especial pride in the fact that he was the first to introduce repeating rifles into actual and effective service, which he did with the weapon of his own invention. At the recent G.A.R. Encampment in Washington, Gen. Berdan was the central figure of the enthusiastic Reunion of his famous Sharpshooters, about 200 of whom were present.

Among other inventions of Gen. Berdar were his military torpedoes, and more recently his long-range finder, both of which have become almost as famous as his rifle. Gen. Berdan was for several years in Russia, and bephotographer was present and took a snap- cause of his services to that Government was shot at the gallows, and the scaffeld was then awarded a considerable sum of money. He taken to pieces and shipped to Chicago. The entered into contracts with Russia for furnishing the Czar's army with large supplies of the celebrated rifle bearing his name. He was prominent in social as well as military circles, and many friends throughout the country mourn his death. A sister of Gen. Berdan was the first wife of ex-Vice-President Morton.

AN EXTRA SESSION LIKELY.

in September. Speaker Crisp held a consultation with President Cleveland on Friday, March 31, in reference to the question of an extra session of Congress, and the wiseacres say that Mr. Cleveland exacted from Mr. Crisp assurances that he would support the President's tariff reform, monetary reform, and pension reform, after | ment is made, which he was given assurances that an extra session of Congress would be called in Septem-

per and that the Committee Chairmanships should be given immediate attention. There seems to be a decided disposition to shelve Mr. Springer, of Illinois, and the Chairmanship of the Ways and Means Committee will go to either Mr. Millin, of Tennessee, or Mr. Wilson, of West Virginia. Mr. Holman will be retired from the Chairmanship of the Appropriations Committee. It is thought Mr. Sayers, of Texas, will succeed him. Amos Cummings, of New York, will likely be the suc-Committee on Naval Affairs, and Mr. Outhwaite, of Ohio, will not again be the Chairman of the Military Committee, as he has expressed ouri, may take the Chairmanship of the Committee on Pensions. It was offered him by has been attacked by rapid-fire guns, but heavy peaker Crisp subsequent to the latter's inter- armor has never been so placed. view with President Cleveland, Mr. Tarsney will take it under certain conditions, chief 10 inches in thickness, will be fired upon from smong which are a message from President leveland outlining the policy to be pursued, and a committee in which the G.A.R. element is not dominaut.

THE CHEROKEE STRIP.

Although the regulations which will govern in opening the Cherokee Strip have not yet | bankment. Upon the results of this experibeen perfected by the officials of the Depart. ment of the Interior, yet it can be now defi- ration of plans for a new form of war-vessel. nitely stated that they will be so prepared by Secretary Hoke Smith as to prevent the possiility of any advantage being obtained by those who may rush upon the Strip before it is legally opened by Executive proclamation. Secretary Smith is at work perfecting a system which will entirely do away with the priority resulting from physical seizure. In other words, the grab game, which has successfully | valuables have not been recovered. been practiced in other land openings, will not be permitted in this instance.

## AYER'S

Has no equal for the prompt relief and speedy cure of Colds, Coughs, Croup, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Preacher's Sore Throat, Asthma, Bronchitis, La Grippe, and other derangements of the throat and lungs. The best-known cough-cure in the world, it is recommended by eminent physicians, and is the favorite preparation with singers, actors, preachers, and teachers. It soothes the inflamed membrane, loosens the phlegm, stops coughing, and induces

## AYER'S

taken for consumption, in its early stages, checks further progress of the disease, and even in the later stages, it eases the distressing cough and promotes refreshing sleep. It is agreeable to the taste. needs but small doses, and does not interfere with digestion or any of the regular organic functions. As an emergency medicine, every household should be provided with Aver's Cherry Pectoral.

"Having used Ayer's Cherry Pectoral in my family for many years, I can confidently recommend it for all the complaints it is claimed to cure. Its sale is increasing yearly with me, and my customers think this preparation has no equal as a cough-cure." -S. W. Parent, Queensbury, N. B.

AYER'S

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Bold by all Pruggiets. Price \$1, six bottles, \$5. Prompt to act, sure to cure A DIPLOMATIC FUNERAL.

Stricken with Apoplexy While Playing Chess | Brazil's Special Euroy to this Country Laid to Rest.

The funeral of Baron de Anguira de Andrada. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of Brazil near the Pope, and stricken with apoplexy while playing chess at on a special mission to the United States, took the Metropolitan Club, on Friday afternoon, place Tuesday morning, March 28, at 9:45 the Arlington Hotel, where the Baron died, to that treasonable society which flourished in of his N street residence only a couple of days. | the church, where the Marine Band and two Mrs. Berdan is absent in Europe visiting her troops of cavalry were drawn up-Troop H of

Nearly every Legation in Washington was represented in the church, the Diplomats appearing in their uniforms. Among those present were Vice-President Stevenson and son, Secretary of State Gresham, Sir Julian Pauncethe club, whom he told that he was feeling fote, the British Ambassador; Ministers and attaches of the Brazilian, Mexican, Peruvian, the Charge d'Affaires of the Chilean and Aropposite him, and several other gentlemen near gentine Legations, the Chief Justice, Gens. Tracey, Schofield, and Breckinridge, Adj't-Gen. Williams, Senators Sherman, Chandler, Gibson, Hawley, Peffer, and Casey, and a number of Army and Navy officers. Solemn high requiem mass was colebrated by

Father Lee, deacon, and Rev. Father Richards, sub-deacon, as assistants. The remains were the French Minister to Sweden, is with her hus- placed at the foot of the altar on rests covered with bearskins. On the casket were a number dan's death was immediately cabled the various of handsome floral pieces sent by Representamembers of the family, and the funeral will | tive and Mrs. Tracey, of New York; Mrs. Stanley Matthews and Miss Addison Mitchell, the Brazilian Minister and Mrs. Mendonca, and Baron d'Castro Cerquieira and wife. The pallbearers were Secretary Gresham, Sir Julian Pauncefote, the Mexican, Brazilian, and Peruzilian Legation and colleague of the late Baron

> As the remains were borne from the edifice the death-knell was tolled, and as they were conveyed down the staircase to the hearse the up in line and gave a salute.

The funeral cortege proceeded toward Mount Olivet Cemetery, the band playing a dead | book-form, and the name of every member was march. The remains were placed in a vault, pending instructions as to their final disposi-

GEN. GRESHAM TO LINCOLN. Secretary of State's Reply to the Minister's Letter of Resignation.

Gen. Walter Q. Gresham, Secretary of State, sent on Thursday, March 30, the following reply to the letter of resignation forwarded last week by Hon. Robert T. Lincoln, United States Minister to Great Britain:

"I duly laid before the President your letter of the 25th ultime tendering your resignation of the office of Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, and am now directed by him to inform you that it has been accepted. "In doing so the President directs me to make suitable expression of his high appreciation of the ability, efficiency, ar which you have fulfilled the duties of your mission and his sincere regret that your retirement deprives the service of one of its most

"The President trests that you will find it convenient to continue in the performance of your functions until relieved by your successor's entrance upon his duties. The Hon. Thomas F. Bayard, of Delaware, has been nom-Congress will Probably be Called to Meet | inated and confirmed to day as Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary near her Britannic Majesty's Government, this designation having been conferred in pursuance of a provision contained in the act of Congress of March 1, 1893, and in view of the action of her Majesty in appointing Sir Julian Pauncefote to be her first Ambassador to the United States. You will be duly advised when the appoint-

"I take this opportunity to assure you of my highest personal regard."

A NOVEL ARMOR TEST. Plates to be so Placed as to Receive a Glanc-

ing W st. An important test will soon take place at the Naval proving ground at Indian Head. An attack will be made upon armor placed at an angle of 45 degrees with the line of fire. Hitherto the face of the armor plate has confronted the muzzle of the gun; that is, the line cessor of Secretary Herbert as Chairman of the traversed by the projectiles was at right angles with the target. The discharge might be called a straightnway fire. The test has been a severe one for the material, as in actual warfare such desire to be relieved from the duties of that a condition, embracing proximity of gua and osition. It is said that Mr. Tarsney, of Mis- directness of attack, will be remote. Light armor, placed at an angle with the line of fire,

For this test a nickel-steel plate, Harveyized, a 12-inch rifle. The details of the program have not been settled upon, and the number of shots will probably not be determined until the effect of the first shot is known. The natural inference is that an armor plate placed at an angle with the line of fire will serve to glance off all projectiles, and the plate will be placed so that the shell will be ricocheted into an emment, it is understood, will depend the prepa-

DELEGATE SMITH ROBBED. Hon. Marcus A. Smith, Delegate in Congress from Arizona, was robbed of a valuable watch and a pocket-book containing a small sum of money at the Riggs House on Thursday evening, March 30. The supposed thief was caught soon after the robbery was discovered, but the

Mr. and Mrs. Smith had gone down to supper, locking the door of their room, and during be meal Wm. Jeffries, one of the colored bell boys, came to Mrs. Smith saying that her laundry had come and asking for the key to the room. When Mr. Smith went back up-stairs a watch, valued at \$125, was gone from the hurenu, and in the closet of the room a pocketbook in the pocket of a coat was open, and 12 \$1 bills missing. When Mr. Smith came downstairs to talk with Mergan Bradford, the hotel detective, about the loss, Jeffries, who saw him, disappeared. A messenger was at once sent to the loy's home, at Sixteenth and K streets, but he was not there. Word was left for him when he came in to come down to the hotel to take the turn of the night messenger, who was sick, Neither the watch nor the money was found in his possession, and he denied all knowledge of the property, but he was the only one who had had access to the room about the time the watch was lost, and he was locked up at the First Precinct Station-house on suspicion.

STEAMBOAT INSPECTORS

There are 10 Supervising Inspectors of steamboats to be appointed by the Cleveland Adminthe passengers and cargoes of all the steam Hudson and Mississippi Rivers to the sternwheels which get stuck on the sandbars of the Upper Missouri and Arkansas Rivers. Some 200 applicants are in Washington, and of these ticians. The law governing the choice of these | versed." officials is very plain. It says that "each of them shall be selected for his knowledge, skill and practical experience in the uses of steam for unvigation, and shall be a competent judge of the character and qualities of steam vessels and of all parts of the machinery employed in of Sixth and G streets northwest on Thursday person not possessing these qualifications is incligible for either Supervising or Local Inspector. Of the 290 gentlemen who necessarily must be disappointed, 240 made speeches in the campaign or did good work at the polls, or both, for the Democratic party.

TO LOOK AFTER ROYALTY. Two Naval officers have been designated by

Norfolk about the 18th of April. Commander F. W. Dickens, who is at presbus, and who is to be a guest of the country, and the other Spanish Grandees who are coming to the World's Fair. This Spanish party VOORHEES TAKES A HAND,

Defending His Brother-in-Law's Connection with Knights of the Golden Circle, On Thursday, March 30, Senator Daniel W. Voorhees, of Indiana, sent a dispatch to Mr. John E. Lamb, of Terre Haute, Ind., his law partner, in regard to the charge recently made against his brother-in-law, John E. Risley, o'clock from St. Matthew's Roman Catholic | recently appointed by the President as Minister General had been ailing for some time, being Church. The remains were conveyed from to Denmark, of having been connected with

the Senator says:

"The statement that I ever connected Mr. Risley's name with the papers seized in my former law office by Carrington in 1864 is utterly false. Risley was married and went to New York in October, 1863. He visited Terre Haute in the Spring of 1865, and has continued to do so at least once a year from that time to Swedish, Japanese, and Portuguese Legations, the present. During this period of 28 years he has often spent weeks at a time at Indianapolis and different parts of the State in the trial of cases in court and in the construction of the L B. & W. and the G. D. & S. Reilroads, He never received a hint or a suggestion that he owed anybody anything on account of the transaction spoken of until his appointment appeared in the papers. Of course the whole story is a wre ched lie, and now, after more than 29 years. Risley will not plead the statute of limitations if any one wishes to bring suit, If money was raised, as alleged, it stuck to somebody's hands, who now wishes to shift his own guilt.

"Whether Mr. Risley was a member of the Knights of the Golden Circle, or Sons of Liberty, no higher authority can exist than Col. William E. McLean, who is here. Col. McLean was a en alternates who were designated to appear member of the celebrated military court that vian Ministers, the Charge d'Affaires of the tried Bowles, Milligan and others, and thor-Chilean and Argentine Legations, and Baron | oughly investigated the origin and history of those organizations. He authorizes me to state that the record of that trial shows that said orders or organizations came into existence in Indiana during the Winter of 1863 and 1864. which was after Risley married and went to New York, in October, 1863, and that neither Marine Band played "Nearer, My God, to Risley's name nor anything pointing to him as Thee," and the troops of cavalry were drawn a member of either of these organizations was discovered in the proceedings of that vigilant | have been filled. military court. The trial was published in ascertained, sworn to and preserved.

"The record, therefore, absolutely excludes the possibility that Risley was a member, or that he could have been a commissioner of the order or orders with funds to buy arms or for any other purpose. Col. McLean also well remembers Risley's repeated visits to Terre Haute since 1865, and says that with all his familiarity with the people of Terre Haute, and all over the State, he never netil new has heard a word of the charge in regard to the money in question."

A dispatch from Indianapolis, dated March 30, says that the records of the treason trials in that city in 1864 show that the first witness testified (Col. McLean being present) that Risley was the Secretary of the Sons of Liberty, which was a kindred organization to the Knights of the Golden Circle.

A Woman Thinks She Should Rule Over

America and Great Britain. Mrs. Thurston, an old lady, was among the persons who shook hands with President Cleveland at one of his receptions last week.

It seems that Mrs. Thurston has a delusion, and she considers herself to be the owner of the United States, and not content with the possession of such vast estates, also lays claim to the Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland. When the aged lady's turn came to shake hands with President Cleveland she grasped his hand with a firm grip and commenced to pour forth her tale, much to the President's very obvious embarrassment. The old lady rambled on, saying she wished Mr. Cleveland to take charge of her possessions under a deed of trust, to be handed over when she received her annuity of several hundred thousand dollars, which sum will enable her to live in a style befitting her rank and possessions. Mrs. for sentiment or pastime, but to make it pay, Thurston's importunities for a private audience to arrange details, it is needless to say, were politely parried, and after keeping the line of callers waiting for some moments the old lady to my four years of official life, for on the moved unwillingly on with a parting remark | whole the time has been spent pleasantly and that she would call again and have the matter | profitably."

EDISON'S PATENTS DESTROYED. The "Wizard of Menlo Park" Receives a

satisfactorily settled.

The United States Supreme Court, through Justice Blatchford, rendered a decision last week which the chief officials of the Patent Office claim destroys Edison's quadruplex telegraph patent, and also his three microphone patents, leaving the Bell Company, after January next, to stand wholly on the Berliner pat-

The decision was rendered in a suit over a patent brought by Henry Huber and others against the N. O. Nelson Manufacturing Company. A patent upon the invention in question was granted in Great Britain, April 7, 1874, to run 14 years, with the provise that if a stamp duty of £100 were not paid within seven years back; by W. H. Tyrrell, 2815 Mervine street, Philwas granted in Great Britain, April 7, 1874, to the patent should expire at the end of seven years. The duty was not paid and the patent became void in Great Britain April 7, 1881. The patentee having assigned to James E. Boyle, application was made under the assignment for a patent in the United States on Nov. 29, 1881, and a patent was granted June 27, 1882. Boyle then assigned to Huber. The courts below held that the patent is void because it was granted after the British patent ceased to exist, and this decision is affirmed by the United States Supreme Court.

ANOTHER DECISION.

The Supreme Court Decides Against the Government. The Supreme Court of the United States declared its opinion last week, that the United States could not condemn property of private corporations without considering in the proceedings the earning capacity thereof. This opinion was rendered by Justice Brewer in the case of the appeal of the Monongahela Navigation Company from the judgment of the Circuit Court for the Western District of Pennsylvania in condemnation proceedings instituted by the United States. "The Navigation Company," said Justice Brewer, "was a corporation authorized to improve the navigation of the and when he came he was placed under arrest. | Monongahela River by the construction of locks and dams. After constructing six of these, at the request of the United States, it built what is known as 'lock and dam No. 7.' Subsequently Congress passed an act providing for the condemuation and purchase of this lock and dam, the act prescribing that in the estimation of the value of the property no account should be taken of the value of the franchise of the Navigation Company, whereby it was authorized to collect tolls from vessels passing through its istration, upon whom devolves the safety of locks. Condemnation proceedings were begun, and, according to the language of the act, the crafts of the United States, from the tug-boats | Circuit Court took no account of the value of in our harbors and steam palaces that ply the the company's franchise. In this we think the court erred. The right of the company to charge tolls for the use and benefits of the improvements it had made is a factor that must he considered in a case of this kind. The about 50 are qualified. The others are poli- judgment of the Circuit Court is therefore re-SERVED IN THREE WARS.

Col. Lewis Ferdinand Fix, for the past 26 years a clerk in the Quartermaster-General's Office, was found dead in his bed at the corner steaming." The law further declares that any | morning, March 30. The Colonel had recently been under treatment at Garfield Hospital for heart trouble, and there is little doubt but that this disease caused his sudden death. Col. Fix was born in Belgium nearly 65 years

ago. He was by nature a soldier, having served creditably under three flags. For 14 years he was in the Belgian service, where he won the straps of a Lieutenant. In the war for the freedom of Italy he espoused the cause of lib-

this capacity until mustered out of service in

ent on duty at the Washington Navy yard, will | Col. Fix leaves a widow, a son, and two await at New York the arrival of the Duke of | daughters, who are living at Vineland, N. J. Verngua, who is a direct descendant of Colum- They were at once notified of their bereavement, and the daughters came at once to Washington, but the widow was so prostrated by the news of her husband's death that she | 484 Pa. Militin.

ARMY AND NAVY.

Capt. W. H. Schley, of the Navy, who has invented a new system of electric buoys for lighting of harbors, will exhibit its workings at the World's Fair on an elaborate scale. The buoys are to be supplied with the required current by a single circuit, as incandescent lamps on shore are supplied by an are lamp circuit experimental plant, which is now in course of erection, will cost about \$25,000, and it is proposed to illuminate the entire harbor of Chica-

Indiana during the war of the rebellion, the About the best satisfied officer in the navel Knights of the Golden Circle. Here is what service just now is Capt. John W. Philip, who will command the armored cruiser New York. He is enthusiastic in his admiration of this fleet-winged ship.

The death of Col. and Brevet Brig.-Gen. Peter V. Hagner, which occurred March 11, was officially announced to the Army by an order from Gen. Flagler, Chief of Ordnance, The order reviews Gen. Hagner's military career fully, and says that it was characterized by great devotion to duty and intense lovelty to the Ordnance Department, the service, and his country. He always gave to his work close personal attention and great energy and industry, Gen. Flagler writes, and his services while in command of the Waterviet Arsenal during the last two years of the war, when immense stores of ordnance were handled and great improvements made upon the ar-enal. were invaluable.

The War Department is much surprised at the poor showing made by the candidates for admission to West Point who were recently examined at the various Army posts of the country. Of the 166 candidates who appeared before the examining boards only 43 passed the mental and physical ordeal. There were sevfor examination, but as all the principals were successful no vacancies were left for them. The showing of the New York boys was particularly bad, only two of them making a sufficient average to enter the Academy. These two were W. S. Burlow, of the Second District, and J. C. Oakes, of the Tenth District. There will be a large number of candidates ordered to West Point for the June examination, and among them will be at least six from New York State. All of the vacancies at large

ABOUT PEOPLE.

Gen. Charles E. Hooker, member of Congress from the Seventh District of Mississippi, was severely, if not fatally, injured by a grip-car on the Fourteenth street cable-road on Saturday evening, April 1. Gen. Hooker had been visiting friends, and was getting off the car while in motion. He got off the car on the side of the adjoining track, and the down train struck him, knocking him clear of the wheels of the car. Owing to the fact that the General has but one arm, the other having been shot away while serving in the rebel army at Vicksburg. he could not catch himself, and he was thrown violently to the asphalt pavement and rendered. unconscious. The General was at once removed to the Emergency Haspital, where it was found that he had been internally injured. and had also sustained concussion of the brain. It was thought at first that the General's skull was fractured, but this was later found not to

VETERANS IN THE CITY.

Brevet Brig.-Gen. George C. Rogers, Colonel of the 15th Ill., who commanded the Second Brigade, Fourth Division, Seventeenth Corps, on the Atlanta campaign, and who was a member of the Board of Pension Appeals during President Cleveland's former Administration. is in Washington. Gen. Rogers is a Jackson Demograt, but says he takes such interest in the old comrades who served through the war that, regardless of politics, he will support them

> Rusk is Happy, Though Out. [Philadelphia Press.]

Ex-Secretary Rusk said to a Washington reporter: "Yes, I shall go back on my farm in Western Wisconsin and resume just where I left off four years ago. I follow farming not and so I shall start to raising hay and grass and breeding swine and cattle as of old. But I shall always look back with intense satisfaction

LOST AND FOUND.

The following articles have been lost or found, as the case may be, by the persons whose addresse

Losy.-Medal for services in naval action at Vicksburg, and other valuable papers, at hotel in Omaha, Neb., 1857, owned by John Whalen; by Frank Beis, Caldwell, Idaha.—Pocket Bible, with name of Jane Forester, during battle o Fredericksburg; J. Y. English, Prospect, Pa .-A gold-plated badge, in Texas, 1871, with writer's name, company and regiment, the size of an eagle; by Payton S. Lynn, Sprague, Mo. -- At Detroit during the Eccampment, with writer's name and "Third Regiment, First Brigade, Second Division, Tenth Corps" eugraved on it; by F. A. Beahn, Ypsilanti, Mich.—In Allentows, Pn., 1866 or 1867, discharge of writer from Co. G. 128th Pn., and Co. G. 47th Pa.; by Wellington Martin, Williamsburg, adelphia, Pa.

Found.-On Williamsburg battlefield a silver

quarter with "A. E. Sanderson, Co. H, 1st Vt. Cav."

engraved on one side; by J. M. La Rue, Fall River, Mass.—At Washington Encampment, metal badge with bine ribbon attached, and inscription "Co. F. 43d Ohio"; by George L. Payne, Marietta, O.—Discharge papers of John Crossly, Co. F. 5th Wis., who was killed in the Wilderness, May 5, 1864; by John Garchart, Albuny, Ill.—In Fort Mahon, April 3, 1865, from a dead Confederate a Bible, with name of "Hoery Hallinshead Har-man, Port Valley, April 4, 1862"; by M. B. Garver. Ephrata, Pa.—Discharge papers of Henry A. Brown, Co. C. 16th Kan, Cav., by W. W. Graves, Stockdale, Kan.—Bible taken from house of Thomas Bass, Port Walthal, Va.; by J. L. Swallow, Jamiou, O.—Old family Bible with family record, taken from Thomas Bass's house; by Capt. Jacob Beard, Dayton, O.—Of Discharge of Martin Shoup, Sergeant, Co. C. Sin Ohio; discharge of Jos. Anthony, Co. B, 74th Ohio; by E. J. Brewn, 132 Anthony, Co. B. Jath Onlo; by E. J. Brown, Red West First street, Dayton, O.— On Savage Station battlefield a printing plate with name of Ames Leonard, Co. C. 2d Del.; by D. J. Vasbinder, Seven Pines, Va.— Discharge of Wm. Vail, Co. D. 4th Minn.; by H. M. Bayless, 619 Mabry street, Knox-ville, Tenn.—At Columbus, O., a badge presented by Congress to "Serg't Cornelins Donovan, Co. E. Sth U. S. Cav."; by Charles Miller, care Y. M. C. A., Third and Wood streets, Cincinnati, O.—On parapet of Fort Hell, pair of steel-bowed spectacles; by J. B. Parsons, Dwight, III. — Discharge of Nathan A. Bonts, Co. B. 22d Mass.; by C. G. Gerhard, Lebanon, Pa.—A medal inscribed "Sam-uel H. Wilson, Co. E, 71st Ohio"; by Wm. F. Wallace, South Bend, Wash. — Diary of Duane Patten, Co. G. 7th Mich., picked up in the Wilderness, May 6, 1864; by L. C. Page, Arlington, Tex.— Discharge of James McQuillam or McQuillan, Quartermaster-Sergeant, 29th Mass.; by Jacob Bungaram, Box 357, Burlington, Iowa.—Dis-charge of Charles Jones, Co. A, 2d Wis, Cav.; by S. B. Califf, Oregon City, Ore. — Certificate of Harrison Rhoads, Co. E. 4th Minn., No. 617,464; by H. L. Johnson, P. M., Rediand, Ore. — A Coll's it; by W. H. Adams, Snow Fake, Mich. - Silver half-dollar with T. B. Haley, Co. F. 119th Ill., engraved on it; by J. N. Colsher, Huntland, Tenn. — Medal presented by Gen. McClellan to James Hawkins, Co. F. 21st N. Y. Cav.; by A. Spencer & Co., Harper's Ferry, Va.—Discharge of Garrett Shranger, Co. G, 105th Pa.; by Samuel Henderson, Beilwood, Pa.—Small copper stencil-plate in-scribed H. E. Powers, 36th M. V.; by Edward Gallagher, Lock Haves, Pa.—Badge found on a Kansas prairie inscribed "The State of Ohio to Abe Comstock, Co. C. 21st Ohio"; by F. P. Wissen, Concordin, Kan. Bible picked up at Gettysburg, belonging to John Roberts, 22d S. C., C. S. A.; by H. J. Chandler, Rochester, Pa. THE NATIONAL TRIBUNE has the following

papers, which have been sent from time to time by comrades to whose hands they had come, and we shall be giad to restore them to their respective

Two full-length photographs, presumedly of mother and son, found on the field at Boydton Plank Road. - Discharge of John Reed, Co. E, 68th U. S. C. I.—Discharge of Chas. Vanburg, Co. E, 4th S. C. I.—Discharge of Chas. Vanburg, Co. E. 4th
U. S. Art.—Discharge of Samuel Shoutt, Co. D.
93d Pa.—Discharge of Jacob O. Poteet, Co. G. 50th
U. S.—Discharge of Z. dwick J. H. Burton, Co. A.
82d U. S. C. I.—Discharge of Daniel Hugh, Co. E.
1st V. R. C.—Discharge of John Murshall, Co. M.
14th N. Y. H. A.—Discharge of William Morewood, Co. F. 5th U. S. H. A.—Discharge of
Thomas Phillips, Co. C. 14th Obio.—Discharge of
William E. Rockwell, Co. A. 2d Minn — Discharge
of James Stewart, Corporal, Co. I. 41st Mo.—Disof James Stewart, Corporal, Co. I, 41st Mo. - Disthe Navy Department, at the request of the Department of State, to look after visiting royalty during the Naval Parade. Commander Charles H. Davis will see that the Infants of Spain is properly cared for and gets all the attention fitting her station. Commander Davis is at present on duty at Baltimore, but will report at Norfolk about the 18th of April.

Irectom of Italy he esponsed the Cause of Hope the Cause of Italy he esponsed the Cause of Hope the Cause of Italy he esponsed the Cause of Hope the Cause of Italy he esponsed the Cause of Hope the Cause of Italy he esponsed the Cause of Hope the Cause of Italy he esponsed the Cause of Hope the Cause of Italy he esponsed the Cause of Hope the Cause of Italy he esponsed the Cause of Hope the Cause of Italy he esponsed the Cause of Hope the Cause of Italy he esponsed the Cause of Hope the Cause of Italy he esponsed the Cause of Hope the Cause of Italy he esponsed the Cause of Hope the Cause of Italy he esponsed the Cause of Hope the Cause of Italy he esponsed the Cause of Hope the Cause of Italy he esponsed the Cause of Hope the Cause of Italy he esponsed the Cause of Hope the Cause of Italy he esponsed the Cause of Italy he Cause of Otto Eggenschroiller, Sergeant, Co. D. 14th N. Y. Cav. — Discharge of Otto Eggenschroiller, Sergeant, Co. D. 14th N. Y. Cav. — Discharge of Otto Eggenschroiller, Sergeant Major, 20th U. S. C. I. — Discharge of Otto Eggenschroiller, Co. F. 22d III. N. Y. Cav. — Discharge of George Smith, Co. I. 41th N. Y. Cav. — Disch Columbia.—Certificate of funiough of W. H. Stone, Co. I. 1st W. Va.—Discharge and other papers of James W. Stewart, Co. K. 35th Ill. charge of Thomas Crea, from receiving ship Ohio at Boston. - Discharge of Silas Wilkinson, Co. I. 12th W. Vu.—Discharge of John Hays, Co. G. 20th Ind.—Discharge of Charles C. Boyd, Co. E. 50th Ind.—Discharge of John B. Warner, Co. K.

is due in New York on the 15th of April, and Consumander Dickens will take them to the Nav I Review, Ningara Falls, and other places of interest, and finally to their destination, the World's Fair at Chicago.

The National Tribuna also holds letters directed to the following-named persons: Edward Refiley, Miss M. Phillips, R. B. Jordan, James H. Barber, Michael Lehman, Col. Birch, Joel Haynes, a member. The interment was at Arlington National Cometery.

National Cometery.